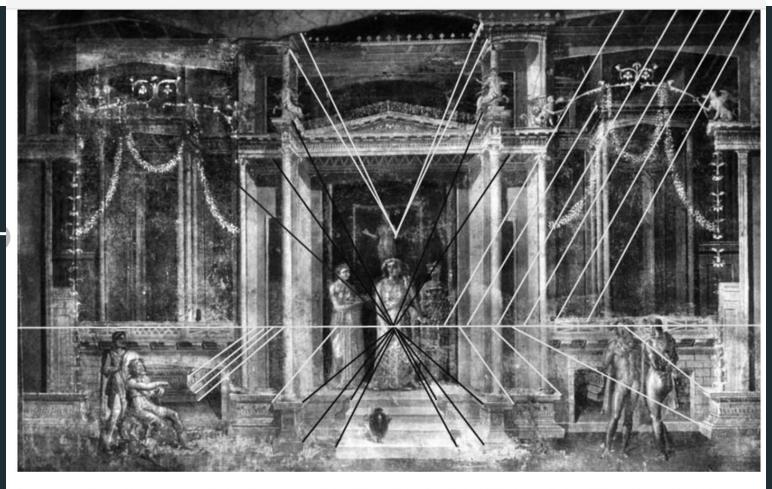
# Anamorfosis

Valentina Muñoz Porras valentina.munoz@cimat.mx

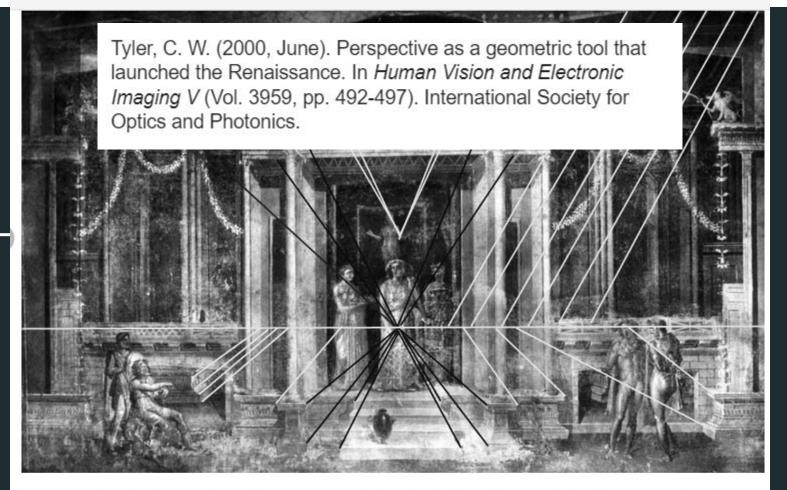
TCJ julio 2024

¿Cómo plasmar en un lienzo que es plano, que es de dos dimensiones (ancho y largo) este efecto de que hay cosas más cercanas y más lejanas? ¿Cómo plasmar en un lienzo que es plano, que es de dos dimensiones (ancho y largo) este efecto de que hay cosas más cercanas y más lejanas?

### Perspectiva



Pompeiian mural of the pageant of Orestes, 2 nd century AD, containing both central convergence (black lines) and 'fishbone' parallel convergence for the peripheral features such as the roof rafters (white lines).



Pompeiian mural of the pageant of Orestes, 2 nd century AD, containing both central convergence (black lines) and 'fishbone' parallel convergence for the peripheral features such as the roof rafters (white lines).

2/4



#### Leonardo da Vinci: Adoration of the Magi

✓ CITE

Linear perspective study for the Adoration of the Magi, silverpoint, pen, and bistre heightened with white on prepared ground by Leonardo da Vinci, c. 1481; in the Uffizi, Florence.

Alinari/Art Resource, New York

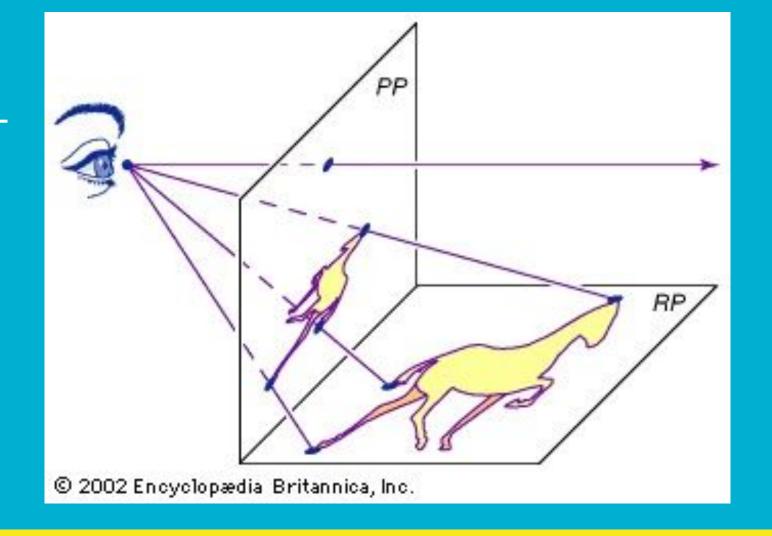
i CAPTION

SHARE F

♥ VIEW FULL-SIZE → PRINT







Amoruso, G. (Ed.). (2016). Handbook of research on visual computing and emerging geometrical design tools. IGI Global.



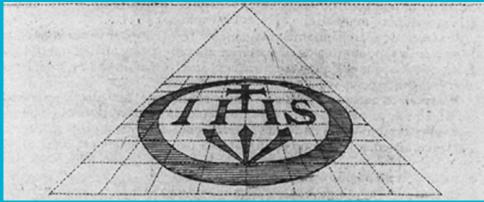
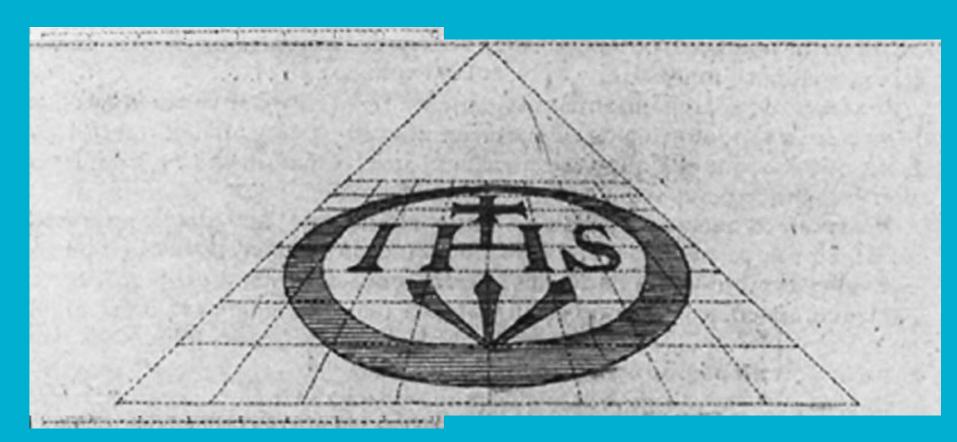


Figure 32. Table 44 of J. Dubreuil's treatise 'La Perspective pratique...', published in Paris in 1647

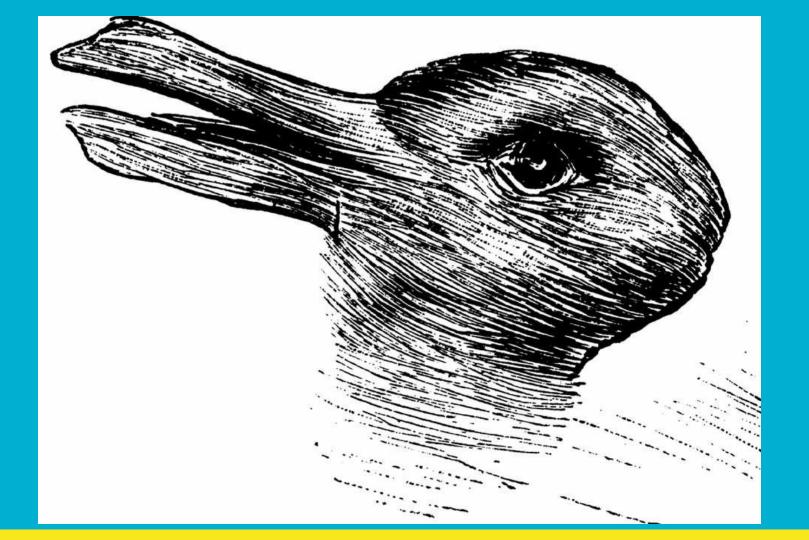
Amoruso, G. (Ed.). (2016). Handbook of research on visual computing and emerging geometrical design tools. IGI Global.

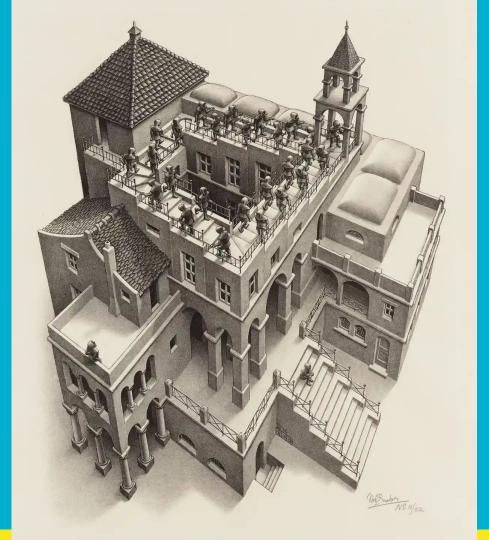


¿Cómo se puede crear una obra de arte que capture la atención del espectador?

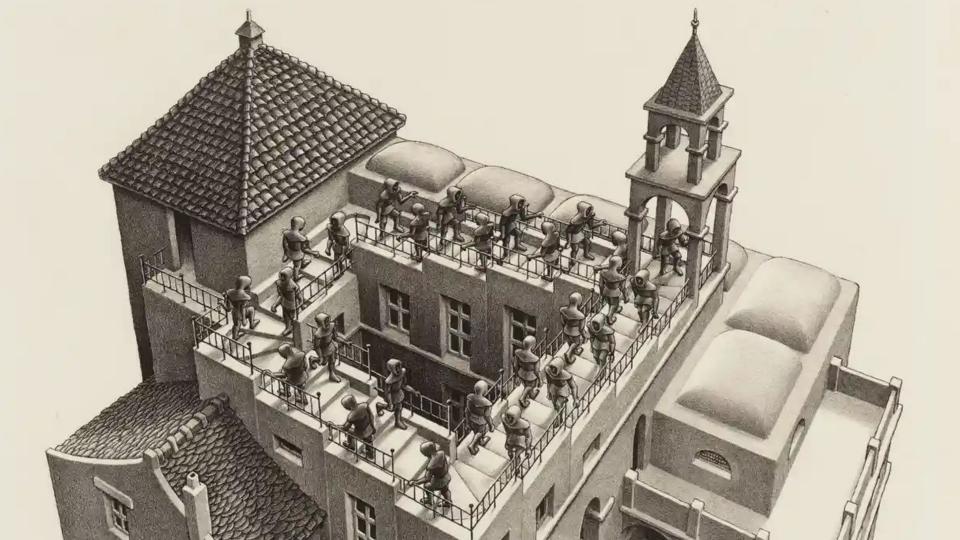
¿Cómo se puede crear una obra de arte que capture la atención del espectador?

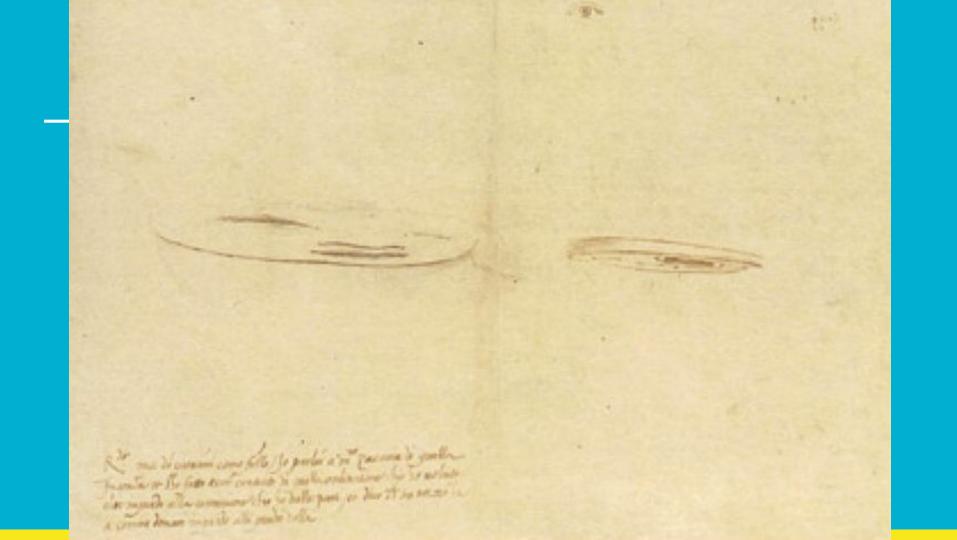
### Ilusión óptica





Ascending and Descending, 1960, by MC Escher

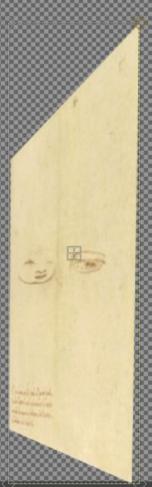




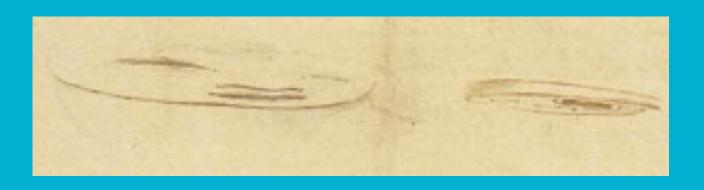


Herramienta de perspectiva en GIMP

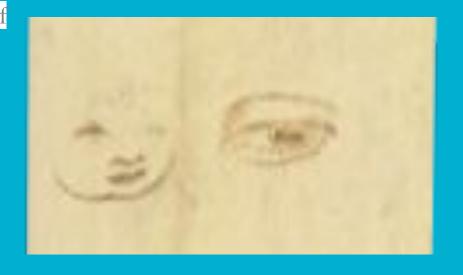








Leonardo da Vinci; Anamorphosis: Study of the Eye; on the left, Juvenile Face, in Codex Atlanticus; ca. 1478–1518; Milan, Biblioteca Ambrosiana; fol. 98r.; (artwork in the public domain; photo © Biblioteca Ambrosiana, Milan, Italy/De Agostini Picture Library/Bridgeman Images) [side-by-side viewer]





"The Ambassadors" by Hans Holbein the Younger, 1533.

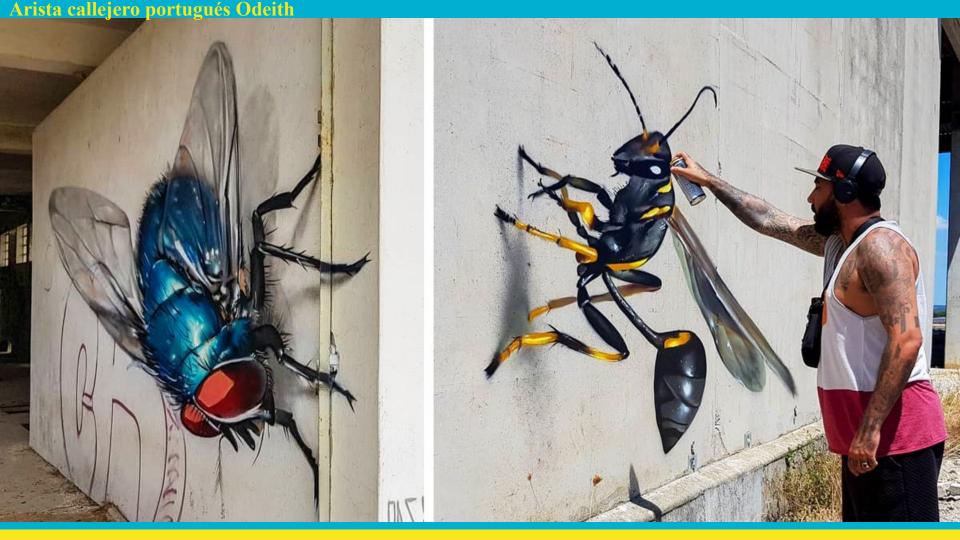
"The Ambassadors" by Hans Holbein the Younger, 1533 (Credit: National Gallery / Public domain/ Wikipedia)











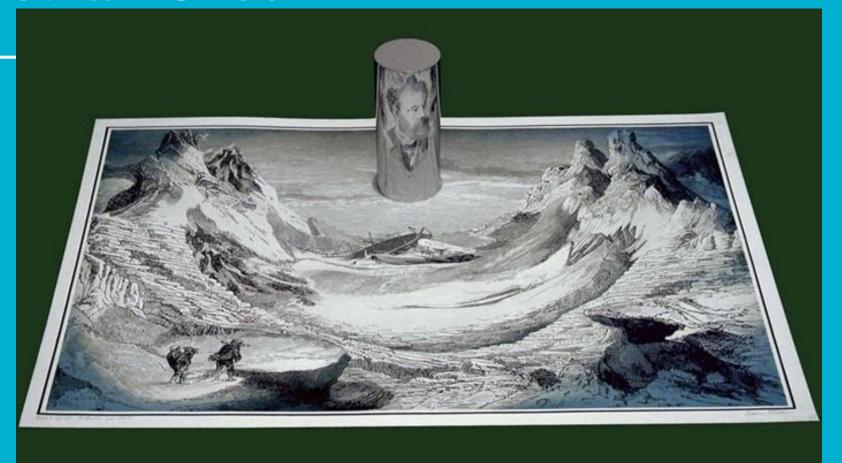
La anamorfosis es una proyección distorsionada de una figura. En ocasiones, como es el caso de la obra de arte de Holbein, *Los embajadores*, no se requiere de un espejo u otro artefacto para apreciar la figura anamórfica, basta con posicionarse estratégicamente a un lado de la obra.

Pero en otras ocasiones, se pueden conseguir figuras anamórficas con la ayuda de un espejo, por ejemplo un espejo cilíndrico, y aquí estaría involucrándose el efecto de reflexión de la luz. Cuando se refleja una figura en un espejo no plano, se producen distorsiones

## István Orosz



## István Orosz



## Istvái



Istvan Orosz, *Ile mysterieuse* [Mysterious Island], 1983. Anamorphic etching.





#### Julio Verne



Retrato de Julio Verne por Félix Nadar (c. 1878)

#### Información personal

Nombre de nacimiento

Jules Gabriel Verne

Nacimiento

8 de febrero de 1828 Nantes, Reino de Francia

### Anamorfosis

Las matemáticas pueden usarse para entender mejor estos efectos y para crearlos. Por ejemplo, una forma de las formas más básicas de crear estos efectos visuales es haciendo uso de la proyección básica. Otro es la transformación de dilatación (o escala).

Las proyecciones más usadas en el arte anamórfico son las **polares** y las **cilíndricas**.

### Manos a la obra

of Drawing, Emiling, Fainting, Washing, Varnishing, Chaing, Coloaring, Dying, Deadthying and Ferfaining

#### CHAP. XX.

To extend or contract a Picture keeping the proportion.

LE Noompals your picture with one great fquare which divide into as many little ones as you please: this done, according as you would have you picture either greater or less, make another square greater or less, which divide into as many equifquares, which be drawn with a black-lead plummer.

II. Take your black lead pen, and draw the picture by little and little, passing from square unto square (by the example of the pattern) until you have gone all over with it: observing that in what part of the square the picture lies, you draw the like part in the square answerable thereto, till you have finished the whole.

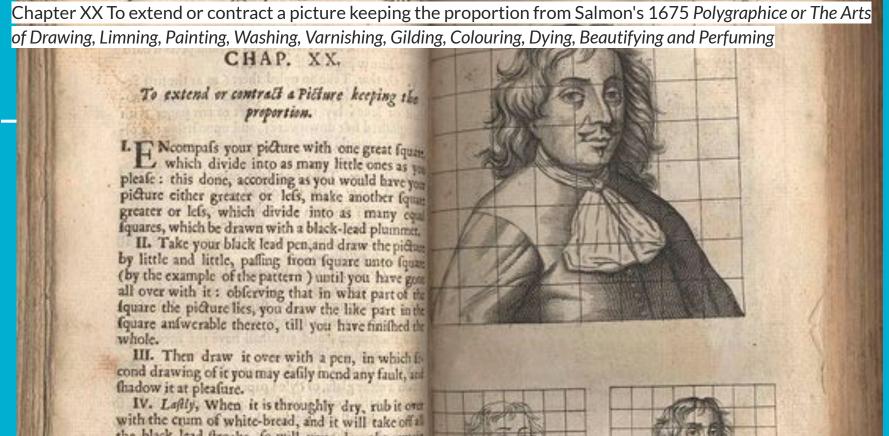
III. Then draw it over with a pen, in which fo cond drawing of it you may easily mend any fault, and shadow it at pleasure.

IV. Laftly, When it is throughly dry, rub it over with the crum of white-bread, and it will take off al the black lead ftroaks, so will your draught remain fair upon the paper.





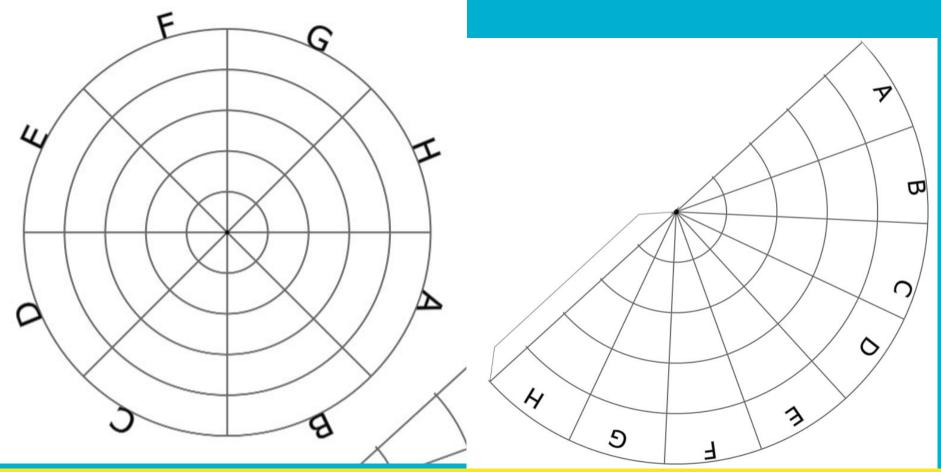


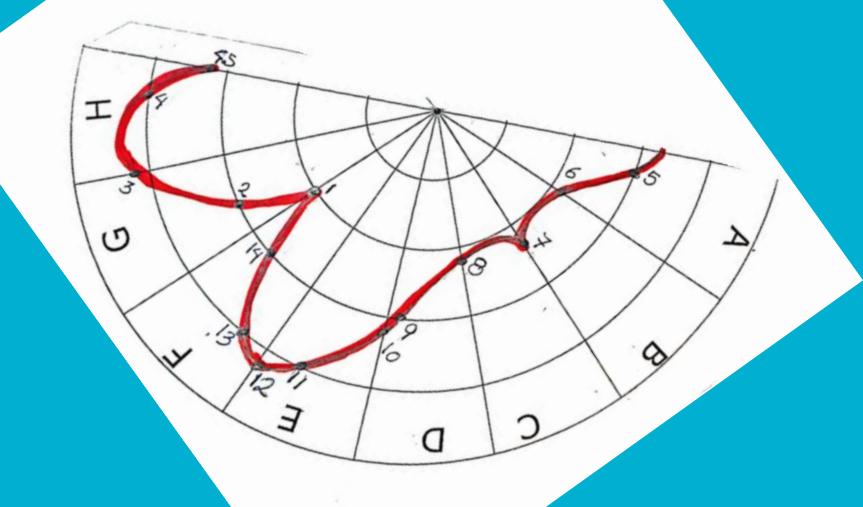


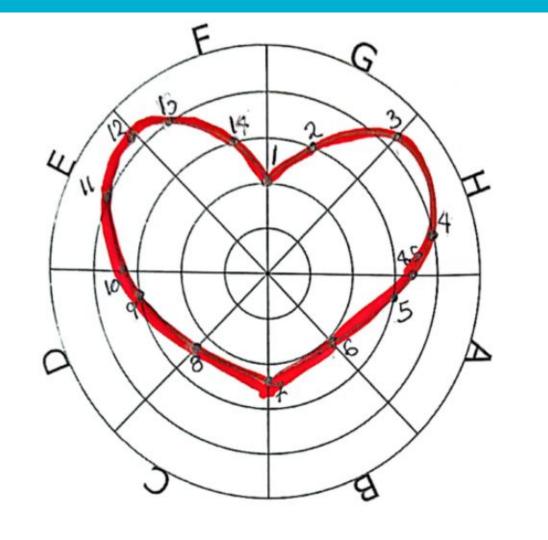
the black lead ffroaks, so will your draught remain fair upon the paper,

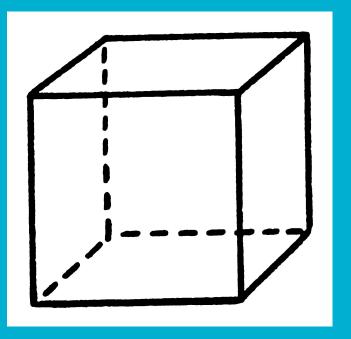


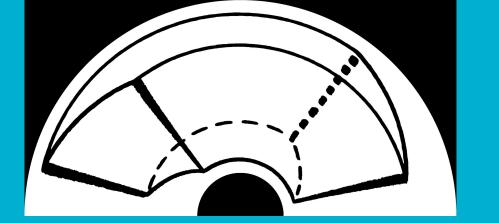
### Actividad. Anamorfismo cónico. Mat





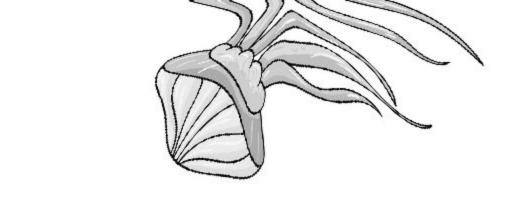








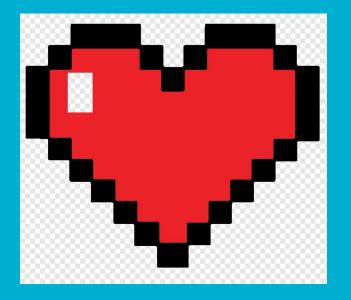


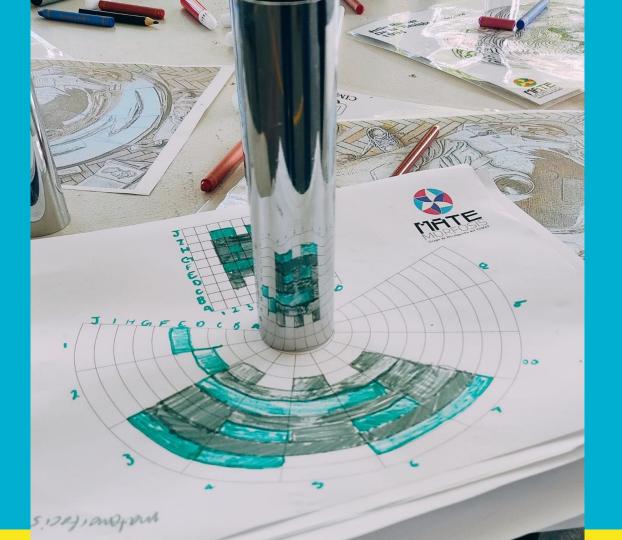


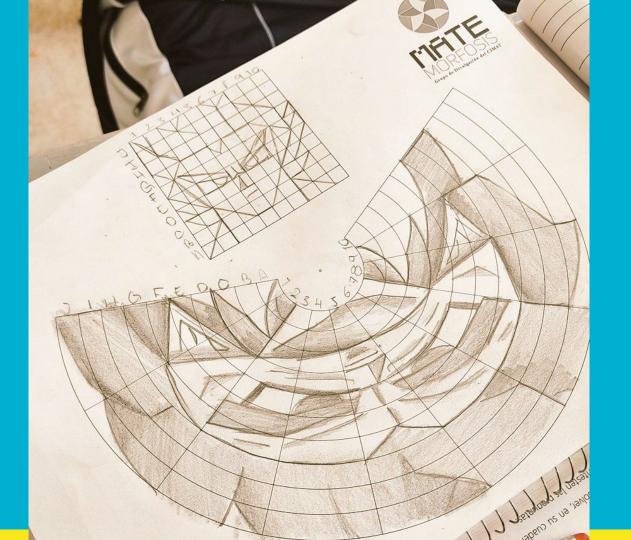


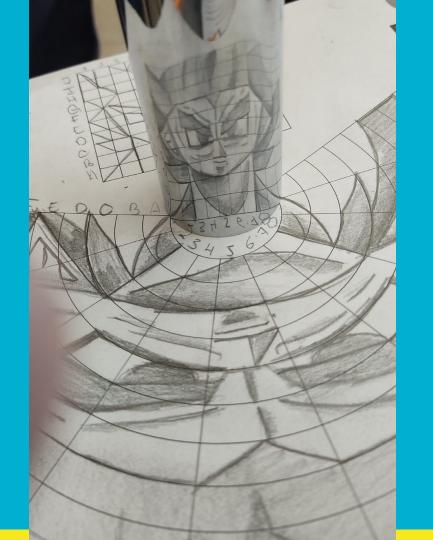
## Inspiración











```
📤 polares 🔯
       Archivo Editar Ver Insertar Entorno de ejecución Herramientas Ayuda Se han quardado todos los cambios
      + Código + Texto
            center = (rows//2, cols//2)
        o
            R = math.trunc(math.sqrt(rows*rows+cols*cols)/2)
            warp2=np.zeros([R,2*R,3],dtype=np.uint8)
            alphadata=np.zeros([R,2*R,2],dtype=np.uint8)
4>
            alphadata.fill(255)
\{x\}
            warp2.fill(255)
            for i in range(2*R):
              for j in range(R):
                (r, ang) = polar((i-R, j))
                if(r \leftarrow R):
                  alphadata = 255
                  (x,y)=rect((r,2*ang))
                  y = math.trunc(y+center[0])
                  x = math.trunc(x+center[1])
                  if 0<=y < rows and 0<= x < cols:
                    warp2[j,i] = f[y, x]
                    warp2[j,i]=(255,255,255)
            rgba = cv2.cvtColor(warp2, cv2.COLOR_RGB2RGBA)
            rgba[:,:,3] =alphadata
            cv2 imshow(warp2)
```

Marta Faust, ""Eyed Awry": Blind Spots and *Memoria* in the *Zimmern Anamorphosis*," *Journal of Historians of Netherlandish Art* 10:2 (Summer 2018) DOI: 10.5092/jhna.2018.10.2.2

https://github.com/aydal/Cylinderical-Anamorphosis/blob/master/anamorph.py

https://es.123rf.com/photo\_73733778\_icono-de-los-pescados-de-jalea-en-estilo-del-esquema-aislado-en-el-fondo-blanco-ilustraci%C3%B3n-de-vecto.html

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/10p9ci7LOXI30lmPw6a8WxFEb3pQC UxDN?usp=sharing

### Herramientas para crear estos efectos



